

## BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

### ATTORNEYS.

**R. W. McCaughy**, Attorney at Law, office over Diehlmann's Arcade Store, Erie street, Massillon, Ohio.

**D. F. Reinohl**, Attorney at Law, Office over No. 12 South Erie street, Massillon, O.

**WILLSON & GARRETT**, Attorneys at Law, Rooms Nos. 11 and 13 Opera Block.

**ROBERT H. FOLGER**, Attorney at Law, U. S. Commissioner, Commissioner of Deeds for New York and Pennsylvania, and Notary Public, Office second floor Tremont Block, No. 46 South Erie street, Massillon, O. Will give strict attention to all business entrusted to his care in Stark and the adjoining counties.

### BANKS.

**UNION NATIONAL BANK**, Massillon, Ohio. Jos. Coleman, President, J. H. Hunt, Cashier.

**FIRST NATIONAL BANK**, Erie street, Massillon, Ohio. President, Capital, \$50,000. Cashier, C. S. Stover.

**GERMAN DEPOSIT BANK**, Hotel Conrad Block. Deposits in promissory notes, mortgages, scrip and exchange, collections made in all cities and towns in the United States. P. G. Albrecht, Cashier.

### CIGAR MANUFACTURERS.

**PETER SAILER**, manufacturer and wholesale dealer in cigars, Factory corner Erie and Tremont streets.

**P. BIL BLUMENSCHEN**, wholesale and retail dealer in cigars, Factory a store room No. 59 West Main street.

### DRUGGISTS.

**W. H. McCall & Co.**, Druggists. Prescription works a specialty. Dealers in stationery, blank books and school supplies. A full line of druggists' sundries.

**Z. T. BALZLY**, dealer in Drugs, Medicines, and Chemicals, Perfumery and Fancy articles, Stationery and Blank Books, Opera House, Massillon, Ohio.

### DENTISTS.

**E. CHIDESTER**, Dentist, over Humberger & Son's store. Nitrous oxide gas administered for painless extraction of teeth.

### FURNITURE.

**JOHN H. OGDEN**, Furniture Dealer and Undertaker, No. 25 West Main street.

### DRY GOODS.

**HUMBERGER & SON**, dealers in General Dry Goods, Notions, Fancy Goods, etc. No. 8 East Main street.

### PHYSICIANS.

**H. C. ROYER, M. D.**, Surgeon. Office hours: 7 to 10 A. M., 12 M. to 2 P. M., 7 to 9 P. M. Office and Residence 100 E. Main St., Massillon, O.

**D. W. H. KIRKLAND**, Homeopathic Practitioner. Office No. 30 East Main street, Massillon, Ohio. Hours: 7 to 8 A. M., 1 to 2 P. M., 7 to 9 P. M. (Office open day and night).

**F. E. SEAMAN, M. D.**, Physician and Surgeon. Office hours: 7 to 10 A. M., 1 to 2 P. M., 7 to 9 P. M. Office over Thieland & Rudolph's jewelry store, Erie st. Office open day and night.

### HARDWARE.

**S. A. CONRAD & CO.**, Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Hardware, etc., Main street.

### MANUFACTORIES.

**M. ASSILLON CONTRACTING AND BUILDING CO.**, Manufacturers of Doors, Sash, Blinds, Mouldings, etc.

**H. E. SNYDER & CO.**, manufacturers of No. 1 City Pump, Stoves, Engines, Mill and Mining Machinery. Works on South Erie street.

**RUSSELL & CO.**, manufacturers of Threshing Machines, Portable, Semi-Portable and Tractor Engines, Horse Powers, Saw Mills, etc.

**M. ASSILLON ROLLING MILL**, Joseph Corus & Son, Proprietors, manufacturers of a superior quality of Merchant Bar and Blacksmith iron.

**M. ASSILLON GLASS FACTORY**, manufactures Green Glass Hollow Ware Beer Bottles, Flasks, etc.

**M. ASSILLON IRON BRIDGE COMPANY**, Manufacturers of Bridges, Roof and Girders for Iron Structures.

### GROCCERIES.

**D. WATER & SON**, Established in 1832. Forwards and Commission Merchant and dealer in all kinds of Country Produce. Warehouse in Atwater's Block, Exchange street.

**A. L. BRIGHT & CO.**, Cash Grocery and Provision Dealers, Queensway, etc. No. 25 East Main street. Goods delivered free of charge.

**H. H. OHLER**, dealer in Groceries and Provision House Furnishing Goods, etc. No. 14 West Main street.

### REAL ESTATE.

**P. G. ALBRECHT**, dealer in all kinds of Real Estate. Office in Germania Deposit Bank.

### JEWELERS.

**JOSEPH COLEMAN**, dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware, Musical Instruments, etc. No. 5 South Erie street.

### Hot Guns.

**Double Barrel Breech Loading Shot Guns**, 10 to 1200. Single Breech Shot Guns, 10 to 1200. Every kind of Breech Loading and Repeating Rifles \$3 to \$4. Muzzle Loading Double Shot Guns \$5 to \$8. Single Shot Guns, \$2 to \$3. Revolvers, \$10 to \$20. Double Action Revolvers, \$20 to \$30. All kinds of Cartridges, Shell, Caps, Wads, Tools, Powder-Flasks, Shot Pouches, Primers. Send two cents for illustrated catalogue. Address: G. E. ALBRECHT, FERN GUN WORKS, 22 Smithfield St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

This is a 2-year old reliable firm. Perfectly trustworthy. Orders filled promptly and goods sent by mail or express to any part of the world. No matter what you want in the gun line you can get it at the Great Westerns with a few cents more.

Send Me to Order. Guns and Revolvers Repaired.

For the Weak Nervous and Debilitated. How to regain Health, Strength and Home Treatment.

Address: DR. J. W. BATE, & CO., 122 S. Clark Street, Chicago, Ill.

Notice of Appointment.

The undersigned has been duly appointed executor of the estate of Catherine Houk, late of Stark county, O., deceased. JOHN R. WATSON, Dated March 15, 1888. Executor.

Free Treatise.

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## The Tribune's Opinion.

CHICAGO, March 15.—The Tribune says: The backbone of the Burlington strike is broken, and in another week the road which the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers has tried so hard to cripple and paralyze will be running as smoothly as in ordinary times. The meeting of the grievance committee of the eastern trunk lines on the pretext that it is to take measures to resent the handling of Burlington freight is the last effort. During the last eight or ten days the Brotherhood has told of what it would do to bring the Burlington to time; threats of a general tie-up on the first pretext were made, but it may safely be asserted now that they will not be carried into execution. The Brotherhood will not a Tartar in the Burlington, and it has been fairly and squarely routed. The leaders have given up the fight, and it is time the men realized the true situation, cried quits and sought work elsewhere.

"The men might as well acknowledge themselves beaten and go home," said a Brothered up engineer yesterday, a man high in authority in the councils of that organization. "The company that is willing to stand the fight forty-eight hours, allow its road to be crippled and stopped, and then does not yield, has gone into the fight to win, you may be sure and will never give in."

## Cincinnati May Be Affected.

CINCINNATI, March 15.—The Ohio & Mississippi is the only road in Cincinnati that has been steadily handling Chicago, Burlington & Quincy freight. It said that it would take all of it that was offered. Its engineers were ordered by Chief Arthur not to handle it, but heretofore the order has not been obeyed. But now the engineers say that they won't handle it. At least thirty cars for the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy are now side-tracked on the Southern, and the Ohio & Mississippi engineers will not touch them. There may be a serious row over the matter.

## Something New.

CHICAGO, March 15.—A local paper says: A novel proposition was made at the strikers' headquarters yesterday, namely, to induce the engineers on all the other roads to cheerfully handle all the freight that may be consigned to the Burlington as fast as it can

## Legal Notice.

Joseph Leininger, residing at Solomon City, in the State of Kansas and John Leininger and Christian Leininger whose residence is unknown, will take notice that on the 23rd day of January, 1888, William Leininger filed his petition in the court of Common Pleas of Stark County, Ohio in case No. 3457 against the above named and others praying for partition of the following described real estate, situate in the city of Massillon, in Stark county, Ohio and being part of lot No. 28, P. 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 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# Massillon Independent.

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## TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

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Six Months.....3.00  
Three Months.....1.50  
WEEKLY.  
One Year.....\$1.50  
Six Months......80  
Three Months......40

The DAILY INDEPENDENT wishes to be at once a pleasure and convenience to the people of Massillon. It wants them to read it, think about it, and write to it. It wishes them to consider it their property and not a private enterprise. If this is done there will be no limit to its usefulness.

Contributions on subjects of general and local interest are solicited and the use of the columns of this paper to agitate proper matters is urged. Advertising rates will be furnished upon application.

The Independent's Telephone No. is 43.

## MASSILLON.

To manufacture, Massillon offers the shipping facilities afforded by four lines of railroads, touching eleven terminal points, the Ohio canal, and the facilities for the transportation of business offered by two telegraph companies, three express companies and a telephone company. Its natural advantages are great coal mines, stone quarries furnishing building stone and sand for either glass or iron furnaces, and beds of clay for building brick and fire brick. It has good schools, churches, plenty of amusements and social advantages, making it a pleasant place of residence.

FRIDAY, MARCH 16, 1888

The fuel gas interest grows bravely as it grows older.

The meeting on Monday night should be remembered.

There is a delicious satisfaction in being the upper man in a fight.

Legislators should not introduce bills, which they believe cannot pass, and which they themselves refuse to favor.

The Shermanites should now stand firm, and be prepared to resent any effort to deprive them of representation in the national convention.

It would have been a fortunate thing for the Massillon Water Company to have secured Mr. A. W. McCallum a year before he assumed his present duties.

## THE CITY FINANCES.

The city clerk who has a happy faculty of arranging his figures so that they can be grasped in the minds of all who see them, presents his annual report this week. Criticism as to the management of several of the city's affairs, some of which are plethoric, and some exhausted, the grand fact is before us, that we could pay off our total indebtedness today, and have cash in the treasury to the amount of \$14,224.91. More than this, we can be in mind that one year ago, the amount in hand was only \$9,003.85, so the city this year has been made richer by \$5,218.55.

Today we start out with \$23,126.85 not appropriated while one year ago it was \$21,776.02. Last year we had a debt of \$16,500, today it is only \$14,000.

Going into details the truth is conspicuous that it has cost \$7,174.19 more to run the city this year than it did last, while the receipts were \$9,141.91 in excess of the receipts one year ago. Where has the additional expenditure gone?

The street department cost \$1,180 more than it did a year ago under Brother Limbach's judicious administration, and the streets are notably improved. The street and alley department cost \$2,824.08 more than it did a year ago. Query, What is the difference between the street commissioner's fund and the street and alley fund? In the light of this there was an increased expenditure of \$1,061.55. In the fire department fund there was an increased expenditure of \$949.32. In the police department there was an increased expenditure of \$667.69. In the water department there was an increased expenditure of \$1,127.72. In the engineer's department there was an increased expenditure of \$114.81. The salaries footed up \$600 less than they did a year ago, an astonishing fact. That mysterious list of incidental cost \$2,005.93 more than a year ago. The sinking fund expenditure was \$2,000 less. Interest is less by \$266.43. The board of health cost \$166.07 less. Thus it will be noticed that in all the important departments the expenditures have been materially increased.

And what have we to show for them? In the street department but

little permanent work has been done, except the laying of a number of stone street crossings. We have a good many more street lights, and incomparably better fire protection. The foregoing is a plain statement of facts drawn from the financial reports of the two years, and to say the least is worthy of thought. The mere fact that the cash balance is greater than it was a year ago, however pleasing should be forgotten in the examination of detail.

## WE WANT NO COMBINATION.

The Alliance convention will select the delegates to represent the Eighth Congressional District in the Chicago convention. Stark will have 76 delegates in the district convention, Carroll 23, Columbiana 61, and Mahoning 50. Each county will probably unite upon one candidate. Now in order to prevent a tussle, it is pretty well understood over here, that the friends of Messrs. King, and Chamberlain, the candidates from Mahoning and Columbiana counties, respectively, have decided to pool their issues, and having a combined vote of 137 back of them, will have each other elected, while Carroll and Stark counties are wondering how it happened.

If these gentlemen want to be candidates, there is no objection, but there is a very strong objection to any combination formed before April 17. The objection is not less strong since it is known that both of the men mentioned are opposed to Mr. Sherman. This is a Sherman district and it demands that two delegates shall be selected who will warmly support him through thick and thin. Why this faction so hopelessly in the minority, persists in thrusting themselves forward, and that too by means of obnoxious coalitions, is beyond comprehension. Let John Sherman's friends thoroughly understand the tactics which will be used against them, and act accordingly.

## A WORD OF ADVICE.

Having had some little experience from which, however, it is issuing in a manner deserving of congratulation, the city of Massillon can volunteer a bit of advice to other cities, making contracts for water supplies. Very few corporations forget to put in a word or two in their contracts, which they expect will protect them from the dangers of impure water. The favorite demand is for "clear water," or "filtered water." The first is of no value, as clear water, beset, necessarily mean pure water, and after all that is the desideratum. The second is good enough, except that it is liable to misconstruction. It is the unfortunate habit of those who are invested with some bribe-fanctory, to quibble over the meaning of words, placing great stress on legal constructions. Now as a matter of fact, legal constructions are always common sense constructions. Law and justice, being supposedly synonymous. Thus, an able lawyer would never call a horse a cow, should a sign be attached to its neck, declaring it to be a cow. But municipal guardians are too apt to go astray in this respect. As one of them recently remarked in reference to the crib of gravel which, until now, in Massillon has been nominally a filter: "My gosh! the contract says the water shall be filtered, and the water is filtered, what in the blank blank can we do?" But a truth on these disagreeable reminiscences.

The advice to be offered is this: Make your contracts, to read "pure water." There can be no mistake about pure water. The best instruments to give it that quality, are not called "filters," but "purifiers," combining a half a dozen processes, only one of which is filtration. If the rope, with its naturally bad water, should treat its supplies as most of our American cities, the inhabitants thereof would have all been dead long ago. There millions are spent in the construction of plants, where we spend thousands, and still they are on a continent, or wine billboards, for a city's sake. When our cities begin to demand that the treatment of their water shall include aeration, precipitation, and finally filtration, we will have one way with the necessity for some temperance legislation, and will have eradicated whole scores of epidemics, which to a greater or less degree are all to be attributed to the constant use of bad water.

Thousands of cures follow the use of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Cure. 50 cents.

## FORTY-SIX YEARS

OF ACTIVE PROFESSIONAL LIFE.

The Stark County Bar—A Reminiscence.

A member of THE INDEPENDENT staff, on hearing Mr. Robert H. Folger remark that, when the first day of March should come around, he and his excellent friend Hon. Louis Schafer, of Canton, would have been members of the bar forty-six years, asked Mr. Folger to furnish, for THE INDEPENDENT, his recollections of the bar of Stark and the neighboring counties, as it was when he and Mr. Schafer were admitted to practice in the several courts of Ohio.

Mr. Folger furnished the following for publication to-day:  
On Saturday the 26th of February, 1842, I took passage on board a stage coach for New Lisbon, where the Supreme Court of Ohio, for Columbiana county, was to meet on Monday the 28th. On getting into the coach I found the late Hon. Ebenezer Lane, then Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, the only passenger, on his way to New Lisbon, to hold court with the late Judge Kueben Wood. Under the old constitution of Ohio, two judges on the circuit were a quorum and authorized to hold court, being acquainted with Judge Lane, he inquired if I was going to New Lisbon, and on hearing my answer, said: "If we get to New Lisbon in time this evening, hand me your certificate and I will appoint the examining committee and do what I can to aid you in getting along, so that you can return." By way of parenthesis, I beg to say, no true gentleman, either in his judicial or social relations, ever graced the supreme bench of Ohio. The roads may have been worse in the history of Ohio, but I have never seen them worse than they were then. The coach arrived at New Lisbon at 12 o'clock, midnight. Of course nothing was done in the way of appointing a committee until the opening of court on Monday morning; meanwhile Mr. Schafer and six others, arrived from different parts of the state, and presented their certificates. Among them, were Hon. Lewis Lewton, and a Mr. Morris; the names of the other four have quite slipped through the meshes of my memory. Mr. Lewton opened an office at Cadiz, in Harrison county, followed the practice for several years, was elected to the legislature, discharged his duty to his clients and constituents acceptably, and is now a banker in San Francisco.

In 1842 the law firms in Canton were Harris & Brown, Griswold & Grant, Starkweather & Jarvis, Parrish & Shaw. Mr. Parrish resided in Massillon, as did Genl. D. Jarvis of the firm of Starkweather & Jarvis. In April 1842 the late Hon. Alexander Bierce became a member of the firm of Starkweather, Jarvis & Bierce and continued a member until Messrs. Starkweather and Jarvis retired from the profession. Prominent among the law firms in Stark county was the firm of Pease & Keith who resided at Massillon which on its dissolution was succeeded by Keith & Miller. George Miller, an associate justice of the common pleas who died in 1844. Mr. Keith was a member of the firms of Keith & Underhill and Keith & Bowen, and finally removed to White Cloud, Kansas, where he now resides. On the dissolution of the firm of Starkweather, Jarvis & Bierce, Ausin Pease, of this city, and Mr. Bierce formed a partnership which was successful and continued for many years until the death of Mr. Bierce. At the time of the connection of the writer with the bar of Ohio all the lawyers in this county resided in Canton and Massillon. In 1842 the late Hon. H. B. Harrison came from Cleveland and opened an office in the brick building, and to me he was quoted by Dr. E. C. Chester. Mr. H. was the senior partner in the firm of Harrison & Underhill and Harrison & Carter & Hubbard. The last named firm continued until Mr. Carter went to Cincinnati and Mr. Hubbard went into partnership with the late A. C. Wailes. Against the name of every member of the Ohio bar who resided in Stark county and who attended our courts in 1842 save and except Hon. Seraphim Meyer the fatal risk of death may be set. Of the Wayne county bar and the judges who were then on the bench the same may be said. Also of Holmes save one. They are all gone into the land of shadows.

If you have a horse and a good reputation, it is a good thing to have a horse and a good reputation.

The members of the Stark county bar in practice in 1842 and who have since before were John Harris, James D. Brown, Harris & Griswold, Elijah P. Grant, Dwight Jarvis, David A. Starkweather, Alexander Bierce, G. W. Belden, then Judge, Samuel Lamm, B. F. Leflor, W. F. Parrish, S. Snow, Samuel Pease, H. B. Harrison. Of the Wayne county bar, Levi Cox, Edward Avery, Ezra Dean, William McMahon, Samuel Hemphill, John A. Holland, Samuel R. Curtis, and Holmes county was well represented at the bar by W. F. Sappard and H. M. Martin Wecker, who now occupies the district court bench of the Northern District of Ohio. There are doubtless many of whom mention can be made, but whose names are forgotten. Of the examining committee a very large one, which was composed of Hon. C. D. Collin, chairman; James Mason, J. J. Brooks, C. L. Vallandigham, W. D. Loring, and Aaron L. Bremer, not one remains. The clerk, W. E. Russell, long since passed away. Time that breaths on things on earth! Have you the record as to all who are above named or otherwise referred to, except as to those yet living, and they number but three.

On looking over the foregoing hastily written sketch some omissions are noticed. Mr. Pease referred to as the partner of Mr. Keith, was the late Hon. Samuel Pease, who opened an office in the city in 1831. George Miller died in 1844. The only associate judge of the common pleas court of Stark county, and now deceased, is Hon. Thomas Blackburn of Massillon, now over eighty years of age, married and estimated as one of the ablest jurists of this city. He was elected a justice of the peace in 1829, and with slight interruptions, has held the office ever since. So better commentary can be written of him. Mr. Pease departed from the practice of Mr. Bierce now common in places, judge in the first subdivision of the judicial district and is serving his second term to an entire acceptance of the numerous bar of the county and district.

R. H. Folger.

## BLOCK THE GAME.

HUCKINS & CO. BEFORE THE LEGISLATURE.

Trying to Secure the Passage of a Bill Discriminating Against Ohio Stock Holders.

The Columbus correspondent in the Cleveland Plain Dealer sends the following dispatch to his paper. The statements of fact have been before printed by THE INDEPENDENT and the unfairness of the scheme is well known.

An example of the numerous jobs that find their way into the Ohio legislature in the shape of bills introduced to help some lawyer out with a poor case in which considerable money is involved is found in senate bill No. 144, by Mr. Kerr. This bill amends section 5013 of the revised statutes and is said to have originated in the law office of certain Cleveland attorneys, who have a suit pending in the Lorain county common pleas court, in which they seek to enforce the liability of stockholders in the Wheeling & Lake Erie railroad.

The circumstances of the suit in which Mr. Kerr's bill is involved are as follows: When the Wheeling & Lake Erie road was about to be built \$25,000 in capital stock was subscribed in and about Wellington, O., in 1880. In order to raise the money more speedily a scheme was gotten up by which the subscribers in and about Wellington agreed to pay the amount subscribed and accept certificates of indebtedness. About \$40,000 was thus raised.

These certificates of indebtedness, as usual, were never paid, the company being declared insolvent and unable to meet its obligations as they matured.

Some time afterwards Huckins & Co. doing business at Wellington, made an arrangement with the manager of the Wheeling & Lake Erie road and bought up about \$25,000 worth of these certificates at a nominal price, with the understanding that the company would repay them all the money advanced and give them a bonus equal to one-half the difference of the amount paid for the certificates and their par value. Huckins & Co. paid from 20 to 50 cents on the dollar for these certificates, but as the railroad company was insolvent they were unable to pay Huckins & Co. anything; hence suit was brought in Lorain county in September, 1884, and a judgment obtained for the par value of the certificates held by them. Execution was issued on this judgment and returned unsatisfied, which resulted in a suit being brought in the Lorain county common pleas court against the stockholders.

Under the present statute such action, in order to enforce the liability of the action must be brought against all the stockholders in the corporation. Huckins & Co. have found it impossible to get all the stockholders into court, because of the \$6,300,000 capital stock over \$6,000,000 is owned by the Garrison estate in New York.

Huckins & Co. propose to overcome this by Mr. Kerr's bill, which will permit them to proceed against stockholders as they can reach with summons and relieve them from proceeding against all the stockholders. This would be a discrimination against the home stockholders, which is manifestly unjust. The idea of the Ohio legislature relieving foreign stockholders of liability and fastening all upon the Ohio stockholders because they are more easily reached is worse than absurd. Huckins & Co. purchased these certificates as a speculation and it is fair to put on the Ohio stockholders should not be held up to make good their losses.

## How Baking Powder is Made.

When rival companies are disputing as to what ingredients are to be found in the "best baking powder," the public will be interested in the following definition of these now indispensable articles given by Appleton's Cyclopaedia the acknowledged American authority: "The best baking powders are composed of bicarbonate of potash, carbonate of tartaric, tartaric acid, carbonate of ammonia, and soda bicarbonate, bound together by a little starch."

## THE REAL REASON

He Does Not Want to be Misunderstood.

"The Cincinnati Commercial Gazette," of Tuesday, says editorially: "The Chicago Tribune is the most false and shameless paper in the United States in its hostility to Senator Sherman, and has a correspondent at Columbus whose duty seems to be to pervert the current history of Ohio."

The Tribune was offended with Sherman for carrying out the law and causing the resumption of specie payments. The Tribune was a soft money as it is a British free trade crank.

The latest story sent to the Tribune from its fabricator at Columbus, is touching the Hon. Wm. McKinley who has declined to be a senatorial delegate from Ohio to the Chicago convention, in the interest of Senator Sherman.

If Mr. McKinley has made any personal explanation of this matter we have not heard it, but we think we know what it means. McKinley has been a blaine man, and the fact is known to everybody in Ohio. He has not been for Sherman in other conventions.

Now he does not wish to be put in a false position. The Ohio delegation is to be for Sherman, and there is glib talk about reaching for the air, and McKinley thinks it better that there should be no opening in his own case for misunderstanding.

The people have not directly been misled from the habit of regarding the Chicago Tribune as a Republican newspaper, and it is still able to do some mischief up to the presumption of the character that belongs to a false position.

## Happiness.

The foundation of all happiness is health. A man with an impaired digestion may be a million miles from the land of the angels, and the father of half a dozen cherubs, and yet be miserable and be troubled with dyspepsia or any of the disorders arising from imperfect digestion or a sluggish liver. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purifying Pills are the safest and surest remedy for these morbid conditions. Being purely vegetable, they are perfectly harmless.

## THE FUEL OF THE FUTURE.

A Visit of Baltimoreans to Tacony—Loomis's New Process.

At 11:30 the party reached Tacony. The car with special engine from Philadelphia stopped at the Diaton's office, a long rambling structure of antique appearance, that was a Pennsylvania railroad hotel in the slow old times, when people used to stop there over night and deliberately continue their travels to New York the next day. The grounds cover twenty-four acres, and the shop works over thousand, nine hundred hands. In one of the smaller buildings was found the Loomis gas generator. Those who had come with the idea of seeing a complicated piece of machinery were disappointed. Here was simply a rectangular iron furnace about twenty feet long, fifteen high and eight across, with its top on a level with the second floor. It was divided into three equal compartments by iron walls running across the eight-foot way. Each compartment had two traps in the top, making six in all. One man was slowly feeding the furnace with fuel consisting of a mixture of anthracite screenings and bituminous slack, the process consisting of simply covering every bright spot where the fire had eaten upward through the mass with a shovelful of fuel. All the traps were open, and no heat was felt, though in a burning mass was nine feet deep, and when one of the party accidentally dropped a pencil into the furnace the tender obligingly jumped in and recovered it. The shortest way to explain the operation of the Loomis generator is to say that it is the usual water gas generator turned upside down, for instead of using a natural upward draft or forcing air upward through the mass of coal to bring it near the one thousand, nine hundred degrees of heat required for water gas the gas is sucked from the bottom of the furnace by a blower working in reverse, and is delivered wherever wanted, whether to a furnace or receiver. Thus the one process of carrying off the gas produces the draft, that at Tacony, at present, in the absence of the gas holder, being immediately used in the annealing furnace. Downstairs were openings in the furnace, where the ashes were raked out, and a small heap of white ashes mingled with small coke clinders was found. The process by its downward trend carries every residuum through the fire, burns the coal tar and smoke and captures every particle of gas in any gas making material fed in from above. Holes covered with man in the furnace permitted the visitors to see the gas on its course to the main pipe. Until the furnace is sufficiently hot to make water gas the gas produced is called "generator gas." This contains about twenty-four per cent. of carbon oxide, sixty-five of nitrogen, six of hydrogen, and some other gases. It is in all other processes blown out of high stacks in sheets of red and blue flames, together with smoke, and is, of course, wasted. The Loomis system calls it "water" gas, and the plant at Diaton's was furnishing it steadily to a furnace to heat steel blooms for rolling into saw steel. In the sides of the gas furnace, striking at three different depths into the line, were steam pipes leading from the Loomis boiler. When the heat is sufficient, the top traps are shut, the dry steam is admitted, is decomposed into water gas, and the blower then draws out water gas instead of the less valuable generator gas. The engineers said the "Loomis" would "gasify" from bituminous slack or even anthracite, coal, slack or screenings, dust or coke, and that from a ton they were getting forty-five thousand feet of water gas and one hundred and fifty thousand feet of generator gas.—Baltimore Sun.

## A NEW MINING LAW.

It Passes Without a Dissenting Vote.

COLUMBUS, March 13.—The Senate this morning passed one of Mr. Hyssell's mining bills, thus making it a law, as it was not changed or amended in any way. The law provides for the appointment, by the chief inspector and with the consent of the Governor, of five district inspectors, who will hold office three years from the date of their commissions. The law is made to reach out farther than heretofore. Building stone is included in the mined articles to be reported on. A remarkable fact in connection with the law is that it passed both branches of the legislature without a dissenting vote, the first time in the history of the State that a mining bill passed through the legislature without opposition and without being voted against.

## CAN THIS BE TRUE?

Is this the Real Reason for His Declination?

COLUMBUS, March 12.—A special from Columbus, O., to the Tribune says: The latest defection of prominent Republicans from the ranks of Sherman supporters is that of Major McKinley, who refuses to allow the use of his name as a delegate. This action is the more understandable from the fact that the Major has a full, devoted National Convention in the last fifteen years, and has always taken a prominent part, several times representing Ohio on the committee on resolutions. Major McKinley is among the leading Republicans of the State, and has refused to champion the candidacy of Sherman in the role of a delegate hordes no good to the latter. His action will likely have the effect of securing delegates from his district inimical to Sherman.

The blood is the source of health. Keep it pure by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which is peculiar in its curative power.

## ANOTHER FREE TRIP.

Why the Two Cent Rate Bill is Not Passed.

COLUMBUS, March 12.—The Hamilton county delegation is arranging a quiet junket to New Orleans over the Cincinnati Southern railroad. A sleeping car has been placed at their disposal. They have extended an invitation to some of their friends, and an exclusive party of about twenty will leave for the Crescent City on Thursday. The leases of the Southern road are interested in a bill which has passed the Senate, and is now pending in the House. It extends the present lease of the property, which has eighteen years yet to run, for fifty years.

## A WELL KNOWN CROOK

Caught at Last in Canton.

CANTON, March 14.—This afternoon Jerome C. Markle, a noted crook, was arrested as a fugitive from justice, and locked up in jail. Markle is wanted at Palmyra, Mo., on the charge of burglary and for jumping his bail on the charge. On December 26, 1886, while attempting to burglarize a jewelry store in Palmyra, Markle was caught but released on \$1,200 bail, which he skipped. His arrest here to-day was brought about by Detective Triplett, who has been on Markle's trail for over a year. Markle came home on Monday to attend the funeral of an aunt. When arrested he was in Dueble's jewelry store trying to dispose of a \$300 marine compass. He is a handsome man, of polished appearance, and fine address, and of a decidedly clerical look. He is about forty years old. He was born in this city, where he early began his career of crime. He was educated for the priesthood, but, owing to some flaw in his character, was not permitted to take holy orders. Before enlarging the field of his operations beyond Canton, he did a great deal of slick work here, the most conspicuous job being the burglarizing of the Julius Whiting residence several years ago, getting a \$1,200 diamond, which was never recovered. Sheriff J. T. Ray, of Palmyra, Mo., was not notified of his arrest here, and immediately telegraphed back word that he would start at once for Canton after Markle.

## FIGURES FOR CONTEMPLATION.

Furnished by a Correspondent Anonymous for Fuel Gas.

MR. EDITOR:—I see you are advocating fuel gas, and perhaps some figures might help you in your missionary enterprise. I believe we pay net a dollar and a half per thousand for artificial gas; in fact I know it. A friend of mine has sent me a statement made by a London, England, gas company, which reads as follows:

One ton of good gas coal yields  
Gas.....11,000 ft.  
Ammonia Water.....290 lbs.  
Tar.....150 lbs.  
Coke.....110 lbs.  
The returns of the gas company would be  
11,000 ft. gas at \$1.50.....\$16.50  
290 pounds ammonia water at 2 cents.....3.80  
150 pounds tar at 1 cent.....1.50  
110 pounds coke at 11 cents per bushel.....3.19

Total.....25.19  
The gas consumer can figure for himself. A ton of coal costs \$2.50, net result \$25.19. Hurry up fuel gas, and although you are not handsome, yet you may be called blessed.—LEXINGTON.

## Resolutions of Respect.

At a meeting of the survivors of Company I, 76th Regiment, O. V. V. I., the following was adopted:

Whereas, The Supreme Commander has removed our late comrade in arms, Robert Lormer.

Resolved, That we bow in humble submission to the Divine Will, and extend to the bereaved family our heartfelt sympathy.

Resolved, That we, his old comrades, unite in bearing testimony to the high soldierly character of our late comrade, as shown during four years' service during the war, '61-'65.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be furnished for publication, and a copy delivered to the family.

E. STEVENS,  
A. MAUGER,  
R. D. DOWSE.

March 12, 1888.

## Hood's Sarsaparilla

Combines, in a manner peculiar to itself, the best blood-purifying and strengthening remedies of the vegetable kingdom. You will find this wonderful remedy effective where other medicines have failed. Try it now. It will purify your blood, regulate the digestion, and give new life and vigor to the entire body. Hood's Sarsaparilla did me great good. I was tired out from overwork, and it toned me up." Mrs. G. E. STIMMONS, Cohoes, N. Y.

"I suffered three years from blood poison. I took Hood's Sarsaparilla and think I am cured." Mrs. M. J. DAVIS, Brockport, N. Y.

## Purifies the Blood

Hood's Sarsaparilla is characterized by three peculiarities: 1st, the combination of remedial agents; 2d, the proportion; 3d, the process of securing the active medicinal qualities. The result is a medicine of unusual strength, effecting cures hitherto unknown. Send for book containing additional evidence. Hood's Sarsaparilla tones up my system, purifies my blood, sharpens my appetite, and sends to make me over. J. V. THOMSON, Register of Deeds, Lowell, Mass.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla beats all others, and is worth its weight in gold." L. BARNHARTON, 130 Bank Street, New York City.

## Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Made only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar.

Don't come with any Throat or Lung Disease. If you have a Cough or Cold, or the children are threatened with Croup or Whooping Cough, use Acker's English Remedy and prevent further trouble. It is a positive cure, and we guarantee it. Price 10 cents. Sold by W. H. McCall & Co.



## LOCAL HAPPENINGS

### Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators

Ravenna has nine physicians. The people of Lake township want three election precincts. The Dow law tax is soon to be fixed at \$250 by the legislature. Wheat is bringing eighty-six cents a bushel, in the local market. John Garrett has been appointed administrator of the estate of John List. There never has been a winter when the mortality exceeded that of the present. Dr. T. J. Reed will build a house on High street, near Main, as soon as the weather permits. The Rev. Edward L. Kemp is in Cleveland, attending the special convention of the Episcopal church. The remains of Robert Lormer were followed to the cemetery Monday by the surviving members of his company and the Sons of Veterans. The Canton people are grieved because the semi-centennial of the founding of the city on March 16 is to pass without being appropriately celebrated.

The friends of Dr. T. J. Reed and George Snyder present their names as candidates for membership on the board of education, to be voted for at the coming election.

Sherman Hathaway, watchmaker at C. Rudolph's jewelry store, has resigned his position, and it is said that he will embark in the jewelry business in this city, about April 1.

Mrs. George Phillips, of Middlebranch, O., Mr. J. T. Brown's mother-in-law, aged seventy-two years, attended a theatre in this city last week, for the first time in her life.

Mr. Philip Shertzer, aged sixty-four years, living on the west side, died Saturday afternoon. Funeral was held from St. John's Evangelical church, Monday afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

The earnings of the Wheeling & Lake Erie in February were \$71,802, an increase of \$17,539 over the same month a year ago. The Valley's increase was \$540; the C. & C.'s \$5,804.

The mild mannered editors of Tuscarawas county have gone to law. The editor of the Standard having called the editor of the Democrat a blackleg, has been arrested, and charged with criminal libel.

At a meeting of the Young People's Society, of the Presbyterian church, the following officers were elected for the ensuing six months: President, Wm. S. Radon; vice-president, Margetta Hardgrove; secretary, Grace Bailey.

Norwalk people are so tickled with the presence of the new drop letter boxes that they have fallen into the habit of depositing their letters therein, notwithstanding that it will be some time before the free delivery service begins.

George Westinghouse, the inventor, has so much confidence in his new process of manufacturing fuel gas that he has offered to supply the manufacturers of New Brighton with a steady and safe fuel, at a rate about one-half that asked by the natural gas companies.—Alliance Review.

The Pittsburg Fuel Gas Company, writes that press of other work, has delayed the visit of its representative to this city, but one will be sent in the near future. In the meantime Massillon business men should inform themselves as thoroughly as possible upon the subject, and be prepared to take decisive action when he does come.

Charles Steltz, a young man who was employed as fireman on the C. L. & W. R. R., died Sunday morning at 11:30 o'clock, of typhoid fever. He had been confined to the house for several weeks, though at no time being considered dangerously ill by his friends. The funeral was held from the house, on West Main street, Tuesday afternoon, at 1 o'clock.

Mrs. Minnie A. Shanley, who is unfortunate in being the wife of a man in the habit of drinking, has done the right thing in instituting suit against Peter Ganor, a Duncan street saloon keeper, charging him with selling liquor to her husband, Frank Shanley, while the latter was intoxicated. The case came up before Justice Rogers, Wednesday afternoon.

The Presbyterian Sunday School Association, at its annual meeting for the election of officers, chose the following persons to serve for the ensuing year: Superintendent, Prof. E. A. Jones, president, C. M. Giddings, secretary, S. B. Rigdon; treasurer, C. B. Heckman; librarians, Chas. Archer, C. W. Moody, Edwin Strohle; pianists, Miss L. J. Russell, Miss Ella Wagner; leader of music, C. B. Heckman.

The law of highways is simple and clear. Every person has an equal right with every other to use any public highway at any time for travel, either on foot, on horse, or with any vehicle or conveyance by which he simply passes over the road and leaves it reasonably undisturbed for the next passer; and upon every traveller rests the duty of so using the road as not to injure or unreasonably impede any other who may be exercising the same right and observing the same duty thereon.—Charles E. Pratt, in Outing.

A silver water pitcher, to be presented to some one at the K. of L. ball, is on exhibition at Von Kanel's.

The Alliance Review Standard continues issuing a daily edition. Ed. Hassler is to be the local editor.

There was a trifling roof fire at Doozee's mill, on Factory street, yesterday, which was put out without difficulty.

The funeral of Mrs. Amy Merrill Permar was attended Wednesday by the Sons and Daughters of Veterans and a great many friends.

The Equitable Aid Union will hold a special meeting, on Friday evening, for the purpose of selecting a delegate to send to the Cleveland convention, at which a Grand Union will be organized.

Peter Gannon, the Duncan street saloonkeeper charged with selling liquor to Frank Shanley while the latter was intoxicated pleaded guilty before Justice Rogers Wednesday and paid a fine of \$25 and costs amounting to \$3.80.

N. H. Willaman has finally embarked in the undertaking business, having engaged George Shaffert for that purpose. He has purchased a handsome funeral car, and child's hearse, and is now prepared to attend to all orders promptly and satisfactorily.

The firm of Siebold & Crone was dissolved Friday, Mr. Siebold retiring. Frank Crone will continue the business in the same commodious rooms, and will maintain an establishment in keeping with a city of this size. May his measure of success be overflowing.

The editor of the New Philadelphia Standard pathetically remarks: "We owe the readers of the Standard an apology this week. We are compelled to resent a wrong and injury heaped upon our heads by that scapegrace, black-leg, Old Granny Gould, the brainless editor of the Dover Democrat."

Considering that the Republican Club had only Justice Rogers's office in which to meet, not having as yet secured a hall, the attendance Wednesday was good. In the absence of the president, one of the vice presidents, Mr. Clement Russell took the chair. Harry Beatty resigned his position as vice president from the fourth ward, and Joseph Corns was elected in his stead. L. A. Koon was elected vice president from the third ward, for which Mr. Corns had first been elected by mistake. As the next regular meeting night does not come until after the spring election, it was decided to hold a special meeting April 30.

The introduction of a "substitute" for S. B. No. 126, promises to meet the fate of the original. Senator Snyder is believed to be in favor of the plan first advocated by a correspondent in this paper. His idea was, that since there are three factions, those who wish the grounds enlarged, moved and untouched, a committee should be appointed by the Agricultural Society, containing representatives for each faction. The duty of this committee would be to secure estimates of the cost of both plans, and recommend the most feasible.

## PERSONALITIES

And the Matters Which Agitate the Society World.

Warren Jacobs has gone East.

Mrs. Rob. Higginbotham is visiting in Akron.

Mr. John C. Dorst, of Chicago, is in the city.

The Hon. Ellis Morrison, of Newcastle, Pa., is in the city.

Mr. Lee Porch, of Mansfield, is visiting friends in the city.

Miss Margaret McCall is visiting Mr. W. H. McCall, on Oak street.

The Flyia Daily Telephone will cease to exist after Saturday next.

Mr. A. Kountze, of the firm of Kountze Brothers, New York, is in the city.

J. W. Foltz has been appointed executor of the estate of Mrs. Elizabeth Simmons.

Mr. H. W. Kitchen and Mrs. W. R. Bresie, of Decatur, Ill., are at the Hotel Conrad.

Mrs. J. M. Jarvis and Miss Dunn, Massillon, are guests at the Hollenden, Cleveland Leader.

Mr. F. K. Focke is in Cleveland, being a delegate from St. Timothy's parish to the Episcopal church.

Mrs. Jerome Kaley is visiting her parents in Alliance, while her husband is in the West on business.

Mrs. D. Rader, of Richmond, Ind., is in the city, having been called here by the illness of her father, Mr. S. Buckins.

Mr. and Mrs. Philip M. Cresy, of Beach City, now taking their honeymoon, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Boerngen.

Married, March 10th, at the U. R. parsonage, by the Rev. B. E. Booth, Mr. Joe Forsythe to Miss Lola Weible, both of Massillon.

Mrs. Dr. Mills, of Barnesville, agreed to marry her son's Wilbur and Stanton, Saturday evening, by paying them an unexpected visit.

Married, at the residence of the bride's parents in Tuscarawas township, on the evening of March 10th, by Rev. A. J. B. Kast, Mr. Eli M. Hershey, of Dalton, to Miss Nanna Baer.

Miss Jennie Wilhelm, Miss Hattie English, and Mr. James Feltrow, of Justus, Stark county, are in the city visiting the former's father, Representative Wilhelm.—Columbus Letter.

## THE COUNCIL

### THE CITY TO HAVE FIVE WARDS.

#### And a New Fire-Chief, Perhaps.

Captain Clutz was the only councilman absent from the meeting Wednesday night.

The clerk read his annual report, which is printed elsewhere, in its entirety. It was accepted and ordered published.

An ordinance changing the name of Thorn alley to Thorn street was read the second time.

An ordinance repealing the sections of the street commissioner's ordinance referring to the road tax was read a third time and passed.

Solicitor Young explained that this change is really necessary, as at present ward three has just twice as many voters as the other wards, and the burden of counting the votes on election days is too great. Under the statutes the council must publish a notice stating that the ordinance is pending, for three weeks, before it can be passed. The wards will therefore remain as at present until after the spring election.

A resolution that the pendency of this ordinance be announced in the city papers was passed.

A resolution was passed favoring the passage of H. B. No. 268 and S. B. No. 172 and requesting Stark county's representative to support the same. The State association of city solicitors requests municipal corporations to encourage the legislature to pass these bills, one of which requires persons having claims for damages against cities to file notice within sixty days after such damages have been incurred, and the other places a wider construction upon the word peddler.

The clerk presented the resignation of Phil. Hess as chief of the fire department, to take effect April 1, which was accepted.

An ordinance establishing a grade on Wellman street between High and East streets was read a third time and passed.

An ordinance was introduced redistricting the city into five wards. The present divisions are as follows: Ward one, that part of the city lying south of Main and east of Erie; ward two, that part of the city lying south of Main and west of Erie; ward three, that part of the city lying north of Main and west of Cedar and Akron streets; ward four, that part of the city lying north of Main and east of Cedar and Akron streets. The ordinance purports to divide the third ward into two, using the Ohio canal as the line. That part of the old third ward lying west of the canal to be known as ward three, that part east of it as ward four and the present fourth ward as ward five.

Then what a scramble there was! Mr. Leu got the floor first and presented the name of Henry Lantz to fill the unexpired term. Mr. Volkmar nominated A. D. Volkmar, but said nothing about the red card. Mr. Blumenschein nominated Frank Schworm. Mr. Boerner presented the name of Sebastian Fritz. Mr. Leu had a memorial from Hose Company No. 1 recommending Henry Lantz to the good graces of the council on account of his faithful service, covering twenty years. Memorials from vigilant Hose Company gave gentle boom to the causes of Joseph Donnelly and Sebastian Fritz.

A ballot was ordered, and resulted in three votes for Lantz, two for Schworm, one for Volkmar, and one for Fritz. Then three more were taken, the only change being made by Mr. Boerner, who voted for Fritz and Volkmar alternately. Mr. Jarvis moved to lay further consideration over for one week. Carried. Adjourned for one week.

## AN OLD PIONEER GONE.

Mrs. J. H. Yawkey, formerly an old resident of Massillon, died at her home in Detroit, Michigan, last Friday, at the advanced age of 81 years. Mrs. Yawkey was one of the old pioneers of Stark county, coming here in 1808 and living on section 16. In 1811 she removed to where Massillon is now located, but what was then nothing but a wilderness. She lived in Massillon until 1853, when she moved to Flint Mich., then to East Saginaw, Bay City, and then to Detroit. The remains arrived on Wednesday at 120 p. m., via the Wheeling & Lake Erie R. R., and were taken at once to the family lot at the cemetery. The remains were accompanied by her son W. C. Yawkey, of Detroit, and her grandsons C. C. Yawkey, of East Saginaw, and Jno. C. Yawkey, of Minneapolis, Minn.

## A PUBLIC MEETING

To Organize a Building and Loan Association.

At the request of many of our citizens, we, the undersigned, hereby call a meeting of citizens to be held in the mayor's office, on Tuesday, the 20th day of March, 1888, for the purpose of organizing a Building and Loan Association. All who are interested therein and in the welfare of our city attend.

JONAS LUTZ,  
LOUIS A. KOONS,  
E. W. ALBRECHT,  
PAUL KIRCHOFFER.

Councilman Josiah Clutz left Sunday evening for Illinois, where he will visit his brother and sister. He also expects to spend two weeks on the Illinois river shooting feathered game, and will not return until April 10.

## WE MUST HAVE ONE.

The Building Association Idea Taking Root.

Manufacturers, merchants, and mechanics, were represented in the meeting in the mayor's office last night, to the number of nearly seventy-five. It was an excellent gathering, and proved that there was an interest in building and loan associations, bound soon to take definite shape.

Mr. Otto E. Young introduced to the gathering Mr. James T. Getty, of New Jersey, who had kindly volunteered to explain the working of such associations. Mr. Getty spoke for something over an hour, and succeeded in giving all his hearers a tolerably good idea of the system. To those, however, who are wholly unfamiliar with it, it is a trifle hard to grasp the scheme in a short time, but a little study brings out the good points, one by one.

No definite action was taken last night, nor was any expected, but the seed has taken root. Mr. Getty was formally thanked by his hearers, and the meeting adjourned shortly after 9 o'clock.

The proposition to organize an association in Massillon, has met with so much informal encouragement, that a call is being prepared to-day, for another public meeting. At this meeting, the necessary steps will be taken to form an association, in accordance with the laws of Ohio. All who were present last night, and the several thousand who ought to have been there, should watch for this call, and endeavor to take some part, however small, in this enterprise.

## THEY DINE AT THE WORKS.

A New Wrinkle Introduced in Neighboring Towns.

The tendency among extensive manufacturing companies to provide a noon luncheon for their employees is becoming more general very rapidly. In Akron, the Diamond Match Company has almost perfect arrangements for giving their hundreds of hands a much better meal in the building than they would probably get at home. The plan has not yet found favor in Massillon, and has just taken root in Canton. The Repository says:

"Assistant Superintendent R. A. Miller of the Autman works to-day introduced a novel feature in the general offices of that establishment. On the third floor of the office building, by arrangement with Caterer Bacon, a table was spread, commencing to-day, at the noon hour, upon which a cook, with a regular kitchen in the room, serves a first class dinner at a price not yet determined upon. Patronizing the dinner stand is optional with the office force, but those that do so are granted the privilege of quitting work an hour earlier in the evening. At present the office of set at 5:30 and hereafter those who dine in the building will be allowed to close their books at 4:30."



This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the magnitude of low test, short weight adulterated or impure powders. See directions on ROYAL BAKING POWDER. Sold by all grocers.

## Wall Paper & Fine Paper Hangings

Gold Embossed Color Bronzes, Velours, Tapestries, Velvets and Ingrain.

Together with a full stock of all the cheaper papers, which will be sold at bottom prices. Window Shades, Shade Rollers, Curtain Poles and Room Mouldings. Headquarters for

Best White Lead, Pure Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Japans, and all grades of Varnishes. Mixed Paints in all colors, ready for use, and of the very best quality. Paper Hanging and

Decorating done in town and country.

**J. M. WALKER,**

No. 6 N. Erie Street. Near to the Postoffice Block.

## ASSIGNEE'S SALE!

37 EAST MAIN STREET, OF

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware, Spectacles, Gold Pens, Etc.,

UNTIL APRIL 1.

You can get any of the above named articles at greatly reduced prices. Call and be convinced that we are offering great bargains.

**B. J. MILLER, Proprietor.**

C. C. MILLER, MANAGER.

Repairing a Specialty. All Work Warranted.

O. P. SPRENGER, CHAS. F. GABELE.

NEW FIRM.

OTTO P. SPRENGER & CO,

CONTRACTORS & BUILDERS OF STONEMWORK.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

Call and See us. No. 34 South Grant st.

## NEW FIRM, PAUL & GILL!

The undersigned have bought the entire stock and good will of Wm. Bowman, and are prepared to do all kinds of

Spouting, Tin, Iron and Slate Roofing.

Special attention given to Repairing and Job Work in General. We make it a point to execute all orders left with us promptly. Estimates given and satisfaction guaranteed.

Respectfully.

PAUL & GILL.

**COLEMAN,**

**THE RELIABLE JEWELER,**

HAS AN IMMENSE STOCK OF

OPTICAL GOODS,

Spectacles and Eye-Glasses in Gold, Silver, Steel, Rubber Shell and Zylomite Frames.

WE CAN SUIT YOU.

Prices Lower than the Lowest.

Diamonds, Watches, Silverware, Jewelry, clocks, Gold Pens Musical Instruments, Etc.

**COLEMAN'S 5 Erie Street.**

## Opening Gun of the Spring.

CAMPAIGN OF 1888.

**GOODHART BROS.**

THE OPERA HOUSE CLOTHIERS.

Have received the largest stock for the coming season of

Tailor Made Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods,

Nobby Hats and Caps, Trunks, Satchels, etc., in endless variety, ever brought to this city, and their styles and prices cannot be beaten. As we are connected with the largest manufactory in the country.

We can Discount any Concern in the City.

Be sure and call before making your spring purchases.

Respectfully.

**GOODHART BROTHERS,**

Sign of the Golden Hat.

15 & 17 Opera Block.

Look out for this space next week.

**Farmers, Mechanics, Business Men and**

**GENTLEMEN OF LEISURE,**

YOUR ATTENTION IS CALLED TO

The finest and latest styles of Carriages and Buggies ever shown in the city and will be sold cheap, regardless of the advanced price of Axles, Wheels and Springs. Call and see my "EMPRESS" Carriage. It is a beauty.

**GEO. L. MORSE, 56 SOUTH ERIE ST., MASSILLON, O.**



## FARM AND GARDEN.

A VERY DESIRABLE VARIETY OF  
EARLY SWEET CORN.

**Making Poultry One of a Series of Rotation Crops—How Farmers Feel about Dehorning Cattle—One Way to Layer the Grape.**

Numbered with experienced southern horticulturists, Mr. T. V. Munson, of Denison, Tex. In an article on "Horticultural Surgery," in Texas Farm and Ranch, occurs the following:



FIG. 1—LAYING THE GRAPE.

In Fig. 1 it is desired to produce new individuals by layering. We must first partly stop, by a wound, the food supply from the parent, cause the layer to heal the wound, and at the same time secure its food from another part of itself. We do this by cutting the branch partly in two from the side, as at "a," so as to get all the young roots on your layer, and not as at "b," by cutting on lower side, causing generally weak roots to start both from the layer we wish to move and the old stock. In high damage both the mother plant and the young's death, with no aid to the mother. Another quicker, and as good way as any, is to give the branch a quick twist, as though intending to make a wither, but twisting only at one point; then bend down in trench and cover, leaving top out with leaves on. In fall, cut away from old plant, take up and transplant. That is for layering. In summer time, young growing wood.



FIG. 2—LAYING THE GRAPE.

For spring layering the grape, proceed as shown in Fig. 2. A trench four or five inches deep along row is made so as to be out of way of cultivation. A good strong cane is selected, pinned down as at "a," in the trench while yet dormant, and left uncovered till buds expand and grow branches, "b, b, b," reaching several inches above surface of ground, then begin gradually filling in fine soil over trench till level. By fall nearly every shoot will have taken root near the old vine when it springs. Then cut apart at "a, a, a" and "c, c, c," remove and plant as a separate vine. Some varieties, very hard or impossible to grow in this way, can be quite readily grown in this way.

## Dehorning Cattle.

The practice of dehorning cattle is rapidly increasing, not only in the west but in some sections of the middle and eastern states. The chief object urged in favor of it is the safety of the cattle from the danger of being injured by horns. It detracts from the appearance of the animal. The second objection remains, but the great majority of those who have practiced dehorning contend that it is no more painful, if as painful, as other operations generally practiced. However this may be, it is fairly safe to conclude that dehorning, carefully performed, is not a dangerous operation.

The arguments advanced in favor of dehorning are: First, the prevention of terrible accidents in handling vicious cattle, especially bulls; second, that the dehorned cattle can be turned loose in sheds and stalls without fear of their injuring each other, even if they are more or less crowded.

The subject has received considerable attention this season at the farmers' institutes and clubs, and if reports of these meetings may be relied upon the farmers and breeders who have experimented in dehorning their cattle almost with one accord favor the practice. From these and other sources it appears that the preferred age at which to dehorn is in the second year of the animal's life, and spring is the season favored. The operation, it is averred, is more successful in moderate weather, then in either extremes of heat or cold.

Preparatory to the operation the animal's head is made fast; then the horns are sawed off with a suitable saw close to the hair, where a soft place occurs in the horns.

## Double Runs for Poultry.

The importance of double runs for poultry is not appreciated by the majority of amateurs who try growing poultry on a compact lot. Small pens, and yet too double runs are of untold value. The object of the double run is to supply the birds with fresh ground, and thus prevent any tainting of it, so prolific a cause of disease in small yards.

Only one run at a time ought to be occupied by the fowls, and the other may be provided with growing vegetables, which will be found to thrive as well as in any other place. One not only gets the benefit of some quick growing crops but also the soil has at the same time been purified and brought into good condition for the poultry. If each run is thus alternated by fowls and crops, every four months, the diseases so common in confined poultry runs will be few and far between.

The efficacy of this plan has been proven to the writer's own satisfaction, and is well worth a trial. There appears no reason why farmers should not make poultry one of a series in a rotation of crops, as by this means the land occupied by the fowls is well manured, and before being used again by the birds is purified by the crops grown thereon.

It may happen that the small poultry keeper cannot give these double runs. In that case a good plan would be to lay down the one run he has in gravel, as that can be more easily removed and renewed than earth, and then it is not so readily contaminated by the droppings as is soil.

## Preparing Compost.

Contrary to a prevailing opinion, says The Southern Cultivator, it is not in practice a matter of great importance to determine and adhere to fixed proportions of ingredients in compounding a mixture of fertilizing materials, or compost, for a particular crop. Where home materials are to be utilized, it is generally safe to use a good deal of latitude in the relative proportions according to the respective quantities of each ingredient that may be available. By a sort of common consent,

to some extent suggested by the fertilizer laws of the state, in Georgia, a standard fertilizer for cotton, and most other crops, should contain the three valuable elements in about the proportions of ammonia, 8 to 12 per cent.; phosphoric acid 8 to 12 per cent., and potash 11-2 to 3 per cent., and this is about the average of the commercial fertilizers sold in Georgia. If these proportions are approximated within wide limits in mixing a compost, its practical maximum value will be realized. Stable manure being one of the principal ingredients in point of bulk usually employed in composting, and varying greatly in composition, it is manifestly impracticable to formulate any near approach to accuracy.

## Productiveness of Fruit Trees.

"It is curious to note," says James Fitz, of Virginia, "the difference in the productiveness of fruit trees, caused by soil and climate. For instance, the Northern Spy apple, the Esopus Spitzenburg and the Baldwin, three of the most popular varieties of the northern and some of the middle states, are perfectly worthless in most parts of Virginia and states further south. On the other hand our best sorts, such as the Nicks Jack, Wine-sop, Lamber-wick, Grimes' golden, Buck-incham, R. C. G. and many others are worthless at the north. It is true that some European varieties, and a few that originated in the northern and middle states are at home in southern and southern soil. It is for the amateur to grow and test such and introduce new varieties. The farmer has not time to study and experiment in this line, except in a very small way."

## Treatment of Colts.

The treatment which colts receive has a telling effect upon them when they are grown up. Injuries and blemishes are like the leaves on trees—they increase in size as the body increases. It is an undisputed fact that the condition of the feet of a horse is more or less affected by the condition of the ground on which the feet are treated in any kind of soil. If they are kept on hard, smooth, and polished plank floor, the feet will be more or less injured by it; or if they are constantly on soft, loamy ground the feet will be soft and spongy, and in about as bad condition as if bruised up by being stabled continually.—Southern Cultivator.

## Utilizing Coal Ashes.

It is the general understanding that coal ashes are not of enough value as fertilizer to pay for hauling them out for that purpose, but when sifted the fine ashes will be useful on stiff clay soils, lightening them up and making them more friable, but the coarser should be kept off from any land you intend to cultivate. Many persons consider a few shovelfuls of fine ashes useful around their fruit trees and use them for that purpose, and the sifted ashes have given excellent satisfaction when used in the garden to prevent the attacks of the melon and cucumber bugs.

## Best Milk Producing Food.

Professor Stewart, authority on such matters, says: "Neither corn meal nor bran is the best milk producing food. With the best clover hay, corn meal should be added as a part of the ration—out with corn fodder, straw or poor hay, good wheat bran should be added instead of corn meal. Bran will balance poor feed better than corn meal. But in making up the milk ration the feeder should seek variety in food. Corn meal and bran together, are better than either alone. The kinds of food best in a milk ration depend upon how the foods balance each other."

## Sowing Oats.

Undoubtedly the Burt oat is the safest for spring sowing, as it will mature in 100 to 120 days when sown in February or March, according to latitude. Sow plenty of seed; the later the sowing the heavier should be the seeding. Allow for yield of twentyfold is a pretty safe general rule, unless the expected yield or capacity of the land is small, in which case the seeding should be somewhat heavier than this rule would indicate, and vice versa.—Southern Cultivator.

## Earliest of All Sweet Corn.

Repeated tests of the new extra early varieties of sweet corn make it appear that the Cory corn is as early as the earliest, if not the earliest, of all sweet corn. It originated in Rhode Island with Joseph Cory. Gradually a few of his neighbors obtained some of these, and from this it became gradually known to the section. In 1853 it was introduced to the public by Mr. Gregory, of Marlborough, the well known Massachusetts corn grower. To the Cory corn we are indebted for the introduction of this corn here given. Mr. Gregory states that it has proved to his grounds to be earlier in ripening than the Mammoth. The annual edition of The New York World, who has tested it along with other early sorts in sandy New Jersey soil, has reported it as not only the earliest, but the sweetest and tenderest of all.

## Facts Farmers Ought to Know.

Lettuce gives best results when grown in a moist soil and in comparatively cool weather.

The radish will thrive in any good soil, but to be crisp and tender must be grown quickly.

The back walnut tree will out a figure on our farms in the future. It can be made as profitable as the apple tree in localities where it will thrive at all.

Two new lettuces are the Ohio and the Golden Apple.

In view of the fact that the potato crop was short in many sections last year, and that much of the crop was not well ripened, greater care than usual should be taken with this season's seed potatoes. Try and get seed from healthy well matured tubers.

According to a recent announcement the next convention of the American Horticultural Society will be held in Texas two years hence.

In procuring trees remember the older the tree the more liable to loss in transplanting.

## UNCONSIDERED TRIFLES.

## LADIES WHO CARRY SWORDS, RAPIERS AND OTHER WEAPONS.

**Pretty Home and Street Dresses—Plush and Cape Costumes—Taste and Common Sense—An Interesting Letter for Ladies of Both Town and Country.**

[Special Correspondence.]

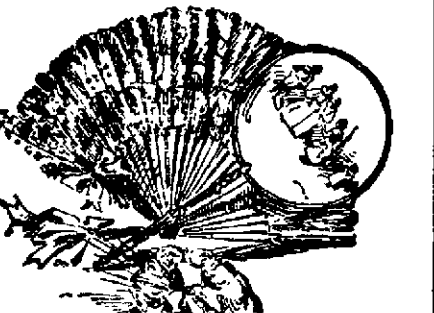
NEW YORK, March 16.—It must not be supposed from a cursory glance at these unconsidered trifles that it is the fashion for all ladies to make a practice of carrying swords, rapiers and other warlike articles about with them; though, in view of the fashion of gunning and hunting, it might be so, only it isn't. These are the newest ornaments for female beauty, and are of various uses. Some ladies use them as hairpins, others as collar pins, and others on hats and bonnets while



## UNCONSIDERED TRIFLES.

they are out of doors, and in loading draperies or bows of ribbon, or many of the other caprices for which women are famous. These little swords and daggers are about eight to ten inches long, and are of gilt, steel, or, in some few instances, of beautifully worked Damascus steel, inlaid with gold and enamel. One lady has one in gold, Mrs. J. K. Hayward, who is daughter of Admiral Place, and she wears it so constantly that it has come to be a distinguishing mark, and she would not look fully dressed if her delicate beauty were not enhanced by this pretty gold dagger employed in some way, either pinning on a bunch of flowers, holding some priceless lace in graceful festoons, or among her brown curls, or adding distinctiveness to one of her bonnets. Mrs. Frank Leslie also wears one of exquisite workmanship, a real Toledo blade, and she is never seen without it, as there is always some point or part of her toilet where it is just what is needed. The head in the middle of this illustration is one of the newest style for dressing the hair for grand occasions and for home, and the combs as handsome accessories. These vary, some being in to those shell, some ivory, some silver, and even gold, while others are embellished with imitation diamonds. The metal combs are apt to cut the hair if worn often. But combs are doubly pretty when properly adjusted, as they are many as three are worn at once.

Fans are various, the intelligent clerk of a leading house told me in answer to my query, and so they are, but I chose out three representative of the best styles in vogue this season. The largest one is made of gray hen's feathers, and is painted with a spray of lilies of the valley, and on one side is sewn a bunch



## FANS ARE VARIOUS.

of those exquisite flowers. The flowers should always be natural ones. The round fan is of crape tightly drawn, pale green in color and with a gold handle. On it is painted a Spanish scene. The white ostrich plume fan is a favorite, and it looks for all the world like a soft duster as it hangs loosely by the strings which fasten it to the dress. The one here represented was worn by Mrs. Alice Shaw, the whistling lady, who manages to whistle in some peculiar manner without puckering her face all up into ugly wrinkles, though it is safe to say she would never have tried to whistle in public if it had made her look ugly. That would be requiring too much of human nature.

The desire for having something distinctive in dress leads the women to do many things which are needless in any other way. A young married lady, who can afford a seal-skin wrapper, with a Watteau train, if she wants one, gave her furrier an order to make her a tight-fitting jacket out of a seal-skin. The effect is startling. I saw her yesterday. The furrier has been careful to make all the markings match completely, and the beholder's eye is immediately attracted, and then begins a necessity to trace each particular stripe, to make sure that the symmetry of the markings has not been disturbed. Up one side and down the other, along the sleeves, the fascinated eye travels, and then the beholder wants to see the back of this remarkable garment, and the desire is as persistent as the "Punch, brothers, punch with care," and when the lady leaves the room sideways, as she did yesterday, the exasperated soul will cry out in its agony: If that young lady wanted to create a sensation or attract attention, she has done it well. I am going to see her to-morrow, in hopes of seeing the other half of that back. Zebra skins would be char-



## TASTE AND COMMON SENSE.

ing, and leopard and giraffe lovely; and in the industry of hunting and preparing their diversified and pictorial outer coverings for our lovely women there is a fortune for those who enjoy such things. As for me, I haven't lost any tigers or leopards.

Once in a while, however, you find a lady who shows some taste and common sense, and that lady will wear a neat and graceful wrap, which is warm and suitable for all weather and almost all occasions, though it must be admitted that that same lady shows signs of some lapse of principle in regard to her bonnet, or perhaps that is a compromise between common sense and the fashion. At an rate, we should be thankful that it is no worse.

Two very pretty and neat house dresses attracted my attention at a leading magazine, and as they are so simple in form that any lady who aspires to be her own dress-maker can copy them in any material that she has, I present them. The one with the open front is of plush and silk, and is very graceful and elegant, though it would be equally pretty using dark cashmere or camel's hair for the gown and some soft material for the front, of course observing the unities in the matter of color.

The other costume is one which can be worn in the house or abroad, and can be made of woolen or the new combinations for spring and summer wear. Lent will be here soon, and during that period of fasting and mortification of the flesh the summer gowns will be made up. By next week I shall be able to tell all about the pretty things in store for us.

Women in this century spend more money in cosmetics than would pay the national debt and leave a surplus bigger than there is now for the politicians to quarrel over, and they are none the prettier for it. The fashions of the last few years, however, have been very injurious to the hair, and almost nine out of ten women complain of the drying up and breaking or falling out of the hair. To preserve the hair thick, glossy and vigorous, no one should use any kind of application containing alcohol or alkali. Soaps of every kind contain more or less, and saleratus or washing soda and ammonia are all



desires to give the scalp at the roots of the hair and dissolve the fat follicles which nourish the hair and keep it soft and flexible, and at the same time vigorous and healthy.

Bay rum is the worst thing of all, as the oil of lavender is poisonous, and acts by shriveling and paralyzing the nerve cells, and the alcohol used in its preparation is usually of the poorest quality.

There used to be a very good remedy for falling hair, but few now have the courage to use it, as it is made with oil which would destroy the frizzles. It consists of one ox gall, one-half pint castor oil, one fluid ounce spirits camphor and one-half ounce sulphate quinine. Mix and shake well. Brush the scalp well, night and morning, and then rub about a dessert spoonful into the roots of the hair. Probably there is nothing better than this.

The Mexican, Greek and Turkish women all have rich, thick, long and glossy hair, and they all take the leaves of the common swamp willow and bruise them, and, to a double handful of bruised leaves, put two quarts of cold water, and let them stand in an earthen vessel, over night, at least. Some keep the vessel always full of leaves and water. Every morning they wet the roots of their hair with this water, which is highly tonic and slightly astringent, and they brush it out with a stiff brush. The habit, once formed, is continued through life, and even the oldest women have thick, handsome hair.

That is gold which is worth gold. Health is worth more than gold. Don't let a cough or cold and let it remain to irritate the lungs when a fifty-cent bottle of Dr. H. B. Row's Positive Cure will promptly and safely cure any recent cough, cold or throat or lung trouble. Buy the dollar bottle of Z. T. B. for chronic case or family use. Endorsed by physicians and druggists. Pleasant to take.

## A BOON to Housewives.



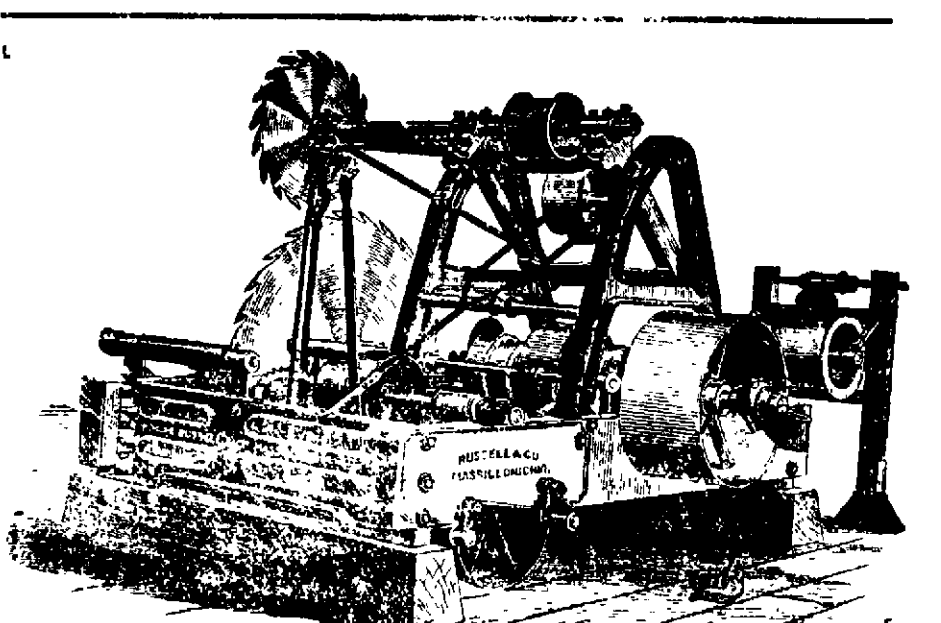
The farmer and working man who have been out in the sun and their boots and shoes are getting soiled and dirty, if dressed with

## Wolff's ACME Blacking

Makes housekeeping easier. Saves Sweeping and Scrubbing. The boots will wear a great deal longer, will not get soiled and hard in snow water or rain, and will be WATERPROOF. Ladies, try it, and tell what your husband and some one else. Once a week the boots shine and once a month for Ladies. Prepared by H. W. Wolff, Dressing and Shoeing, 101 N. 3rd St., Philadelphia. WOLFF & RANDOLPH, PHILADELPHIA.

**BUDINE ROOFING**  
THE BUDINE ROOFING SYSTEM  
ADAPTED TO EVERY CLIMATE  
UNLIKE ANY OTHER ROOFS  
RAIN, SNOW, HAIL, FROST, STEAM, SMOKE  
AND Sulphurous Gases  
MOST DURABLE ROOFING SYSTEM

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**M. A. BROWN & SON.**  
DEALERS IN  
**LUMBER OF ALL KINDS, MOULDINGS, Sash, Doors and Blinds.**  
Yard and Planing Mill South Erie St. Massillon, O.



**RUSSELL & CO.'S HEAVY DOUBLE MILL.**  
(SPECIFICATIONS BY)  
The Best Mill for the Money ever offered.  
Send for CATALOGUE AND PRICE LIST describing our Engines, Threshers and Saw Mills  
ADDRESS  
**RUSSELL & CO., Massillon, Ohio.**

**A. D. VOLKMER,**  
**Livery, Feed & Stable.**  
Only First-Class Rigs in Use.  
Handsome Coaches  
For Weddings,  
Parties and  
Funerals.  
A FULL LINE OF  
Fine Carriages  
and Buggies.  
A horse shoeing shop is managed in connection with the stable.  
Horses Bought and Sold.  
No. 15 Factory Street, Massillon, Ohio.

**THE MASSILLON QUARRIES—WARTHORST & CO.**  
Manufacturers of Grindstones for Wet and Dry Grinding. Block and Dimension Stone. Superior Sand, washed and dry ground, for Glass Works and Steel and Rolling Mills.

**Notice to Lot Owners**  
In the Massillon Cemetery.  
All persons owning lots being mowed and kept in order by the Association will please call on W. B. Humbarger, secretary and settle for mowing. Accounts are now ready and in his hands for collection, there being no bills presented last year, so that, with a few exceptions, two years' mowing is due, to January 1, 1888. Those interested will please give this matter their immediate attention. By order of the Massillon Cemetery Association.  
P. G. LEWIS, Secy.

**SKIN SUCCESS SOAP & OINTMENT**  
HIGHLY ENDORSED BY THE Medical Profession.  
FOR rough or scaly skin, indispensable for the Toilet. Peerless as a Preservative. Perfect as a healer.  
At druggists, "Skin Success" 25c. & 75c. "Skin Success Soap" 50c. Palmer Chemical Co., N.Y.  
Skin Success Soap and Ointment heal skin diseases.



# THE AGED KAISER DEAD.

GERMANY'S EMPEROR DIES AT THE AGE OF NINETY-ONE.

A Sketch of His Life—English Speculation as to What the Result of His Demise Will Be—The Crown Prince Continues to Improve—European News Notes.

LONDON, March 9.—A dispatch from Berlin states that Emperor William died at 6:30 o'clock this afternoon.

Emperor William was the great grandson of Frederick the Great, the second son of Frederick William III, and the younger brother of Frederick William IV, whom he succeeded on the throne of Prussia. He was born March 22, 1797, and was therefore within a few days of being ninety-one years old.

When he was born, Napoleon was campaigning in Italy, and in that very year Austria was compelled to make peace at Campo Formio, a peace that secured to France the Ionian islands, Venice, the Netherlands and the left bank of the Rhine. Before William was ten years old, Napoleon had transformed the map of Europe, had absolutely annihilated the power of Prussia at the battle of Jena, and thereupon marched into Berlin.

On the accession of his elder brother to the throne in 1840, as Frederick William IV, William was made governor of Pomerania. He afterward sat in the Prussian diet, and was a vigorous supporter of the absolutist party. When the revolution of 1848 broke out his palace was seized and he fled to England. Returning after some months of absence, he was elected to the National assembly. He accepted the command of the troops to put down the rising in the grand duchy of Baden, and it was by his reckless disregard of human life there manifested, as much to his utterances as in his actions, that earned him the nickname of "Kartätschen Prinz," and the bitter animosity of all who wanted a more liberal form of government.

In October, 1857, the king, having, by reason of frequent attacks of insanity, become incapacitated for business, William was commissioned to act as regent, which commission was renewed from time to time until his permanent installation in October, 1858.

On January 2, 1861, he ascended the throne, though the ceremony of coronation did not take place until the 18th of October following. He himself put the crown upon his head, declaring that he "ruled by the favor of God and of no one else." He followed this up in his opening address to his first parliament, by saying that he "never could permit the progressive development of our inner political life to question or to endanger the rights of the crown and the power of Prussia."

These declarations marked a policy which he never for a moment departed from, so far as he himself was concerned. The first parliament he dissolved, despite the protest of a large majority of its members. But the constitutional party was as obstinate as the king; succeeding elections only served to increase the liberal majority. The strife between feudal doctrine and modern reforms might have continued indefinitely had he not concluded that the attention of the people must be directed to something like representative government. At the close of 1861, he abruptly revised the old dispute with Denmark in regard to Schleswig, of Holstein, and forcing Austria to join action, managed to keep up the embroilment which finally brought on the war of 1866, in which Prussia became practically the master of Germany. The blood and iron policy did what parliamentary processes failed to do; it reconciled the people to the exercise of feudal powers under the forms of representative legislation.

The unification of the military powers of Germany followed upon the victory of Königgratz (Sadowa), and thenceforth Prussia was supreme. In 1867 King William became the head of the North German confederation and the great conflict with France in 1870-71 was entered upon under his leadership. He commanded in person at the decisive battles of Gravelotte and Sedan. The surrender of Napoleon III. on September 2, 1870, was followed in rapid succession by other victories. The emperor then, as the German victor, was at his highest pitch, when on the 18th of October the king of Bavaria proposed to the other sovereigns, and to the free cities that the head of the German confederation should receive the title of emperor.

The proposition was accepted, and the imperial crown was formally offered to the king of Prussia. He accepted it, and on January 18, 1871, in the presence of a brilliant assembly of German princes and officers of the army, held in the hall of mirrors of the palace of the French king at Versailles, King William was solemnly proclaimed emperor of Germany.

It will be remembered that by the terms of the treaty of peace the province of Alsace, with the exception of Belfort, and the German part of Lorraine, including Metz and Thionville, were ceded to Germany, and the French agreed to pay a war indemnity of 5,000,000,000 francs.

Since he was made emperor, Wilhelm has enjoyed the affectionate regard of the German people. As he advanced in years, the mass of Germans came more and more to center upon him an almost boundless veneration. He became the personification of German greatness and power.

His name will live among those of Germany's great ones as long as Germany itself will be remembered of men.

The death of the emperor of Germany is almost the sole topic of discussion and the view taken of the effect of his death upon the peace of Europe, are as varied as opinions upon one subject can well be. The opinion, most generally entertained, however, is that the demise of the Kaiser has less influence across the German frontier in any direction than it will have in the empire itself.

Notwithstanding the undisputed fact that the unification of the German states into the greatest empire in the history of Europe, was due to the indomitable patriotism and iron will of Prince Bismarck, there is a large and growing class of people throughout the country, who, while glancing at the greatness of his creation, condole with him, and without exception, fear the creator.

Were the crown prince, who for so many years has been looked upon as the successor to the venerable Kaiser, able to perform the function, appertaining to the throne, this feeling would have no existence beyond the confines of the circle including those who have been victims to the arrogance and vindictiveness of the chancery, but the fact is as plain to all as the rising and setting of the sun, that the grim master of Schönauscher dominates every man in Germany who can legitimately take part in moulding the policy of the empire, and the disability of the crown prince.

Already Prince William is empowered to transact certain state business, and the hour cannot be far distant when his right to transact all business of that character will be undisputed. Fears have been expressed from time to time that the succession of Prince William to the throne, either as regent or emperor, would be the signal for a European war, but there is much greater reason to fear that a not insignificant portion of the people of Germany will revolt, in

a manner not to be mistaken, the subversion of the young ruler to the man of blood and iron, whose conviction that Germany should dominate Europe is a consuming passion.

It has often been predicted that the death of Kaiser William would mark the beginning of the disintegration of the German empire through the overweening ambition of the man who was the master spirit of its erection, and, if these predictions are ever verified, their fulfillment will more likely be brought about by a civil result against the unrestrained policy of Prince Bismarck than by the defeat of Germany in a foreign war.

## HENRY BERGH DEAD.

The Friend of Dumb Brutes and Children Dies in New York.

New York, March 12.—Henry Bergh, the philanthropist, died this morning.

When James Buchanan was president of the United States Henry Bergh was appointed secretary of the American legation at St. Petersburg. It was in this far-off Russian city that the movement for the suppression of cruelty to animals began. It was not the humanity, but the cruelty, which existed there that suggested to Mr. Bergh his



HENRY BERGH.

future work. As he used to drive through the principal streets of St. Petersburg he was filled with horror at the cruelty to horses which he saw about him. On many occasions he would stop his own carriage and expostulate with some brutal driver. His interference was generally successful.

The Russian drivers would be terrified when they saw a carriage of state stop, and received a sharp reprimand from the uniformed representative of a great government. This absurd Russian awe of governmental authority enabled Mr. Bergh to carry on his humane work without the assistance of any law or organization.

In 1860 Mr. Bergh returned to New York. He was a gentleman of property and leisure, and he determined to devote himself to defending the rights of animals. He called a meeting of those in sympathy with him, and secured the financial backing of several men of wealth. One of these, Mr. Elbridge Gerry, gave not only his financial support, but his moral and political support, becoming an avowed advocate of Mr. Bergh's plans. Through his influence bills were carried through the legislature, making wanton cruelty to animals a punishable offense.

For a while the society which was organized revolved on a society, but before the year was over an event occurred which made it one of the best known institutions in the city.

A cargo of turtles had been landed upon the docks, and the turtles, in the fast by being turned upon their backs and having spikes driven through their flippers, Mr. Bergh, the arrest of the captain and the entire crew.

When the case came up for trial newspapers were full of it. Some of them ridiculed the idea of "bringing a turtle into court." The use of argument pursued by the defense was that of ridicule. The counsel for the defense even took the ground that a turtle was not an animal. Mr. Bergh placed his own case. He took the broad position that the wanton infliction of such a thing is a crime, and that any creature which feels is entitled to protection. The case went against him, but he had made his point to the entire reading public, and had enlisted upon his side a vast number of supporters.

The work has gone on rapidly and prosperously since, and the Society for the Prevention to the Cruelty to Animals will be a name in every part of the country is a legitimate outgrowth of Mr. Bergh's noble work.

## ADAMS COUNTY GOLD FIELDS.

Excellent Soil High, and Operations to Be Resumed Shortly.

WINCHESTER, O., March 10.—For several seasons operations have temporarily ceased at the gold mines opened near Mineral Springs, this county. But the tireless prospector is still haunting the surrounding hills, and every man you meet from that vicinity has his pockets full of rocks. New leads have been found in the farms of James, John and Willis Smith, and the gold bearing quartz has been panned up in Jefferson township, Seneca county.

Mr. Greenhouse writes from Covington, Ky., that the four and one-half tons of quartz shipped to the smelter there has produced 122 pounds of solution which, when separated, realized fifty-two ounces of gold; 100 acres in the field has been sold to a Cincinnati syndicate for \$25,000, and Mr. James Smalley, owner of another tract of land in the same region, has been offered \$1,500 for the mineral privileges on his farm. There is still high excitement over the gold discovery, and work will be resumed in a few days.

## Stole Three Kegs of Beer.

COSHOCTON, O., March 13.—Harry O'Connor, John Gaffney, William McDermott, and James Welsh were arrested Sunday evening by Sheriff Munner and placed in jail. They are charged with burglarizing the Grace Brewing company's agency of three kegs of beer. When captured the quartet was employing the purchased guard. Welsh has served two terms in the penitentiary, and will now probably begin a life term at that institution.

## Manitoba's Sore Spot.

WINNIPEG, Man., March 10.—For some weeks numerous reports have been received from the west that the Indians were very restless, owing to the neglect of the government in furnishing supplies, and that there were serious disorders among the tribes, and that the government was neglecting to put down any revolt, and that the situation might become very serious unless immediate relief is given.

## A Pullman Week.

PULLMAN, Pa., March 10.—A collision between the second section of passenger train No. 9, west bound, and an east bound freight train occurred near Pullman, Pa., on the P. & V. railway, Sunday afternoon. Engineer Gardner and Fireman Markey, of the passenger train, were instantly killed, a bit man was seriously hurt and one passenger bruised.

# SULLIVAN AND MITCHELL.

THE MUCH TALKED OF PRIZE FIGHT TAKES PLACE.

They Fought Thirty-Nine Rounds in Three Hours and Eleven Minutes. When the Referee Declared It a Draw—The Fight Takes Place in a Filling Hall.

LONDON, March 12.—All London is in a state of excitement and rejoicing of the result of the Sullivan-Mitchell prize fight, and future of the Boston prize to knock out the Englishman.

The fight took place in the training grounds of Baron Rothschild, near Chislehurst, on Sunday night. Thirty-nine rounds were fought in three hours and eleven minutes, and the fight was finally declared a draw by the referee. Mitchell at first appeared the weaker of the two. Towards the finish of the fight, however, he improved and was doing much better than any other time during the fight, when the referee declared the contest a draw. Sullivan was cold and much weakened by a pelting rain.

Much walking around the ring was indulged in during the fight, which took up a great deal of the time actually charged up to the fight. At the time the referee declared the fight a draw both men were considerably bruised and had black eyes. All the time during the fight, Mitchell was very cunning, and Sullivan was unable to knock him out. Both men were exhausted and their hands were badly hurt. Sullivan's friends are unable to explain why he did not do better. The official count of the rounds was thirty-nine, but they really fought forty-four, counting the number of times that they sat down in their chairs in their corners.

The friends of the American champion believe that he was overtrained and ascribe his weakness to that fact. His system could not withstand the cold and wet. Mitchell fought very carefully, keeping away from Sullivan as much as possible, and making him do a great deal of tramping about the ring. Towards the close of the night the betting was about even on Mitchell, and it looked as though the battle would continue until night fall. At length the men agreed to shake hands and bring the contest to a close by calling it a draw.

Was in the 14th Round.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., March 12.—A mid night lively glove fight took place at the Water Front club rooms, between a Barney Bradlock, of Pittsburgh, and Frank Kitten, the "Michigan giant." The fight was for blood. After five fierce rounds had been fought, the giant won the contest by putting Bradlock to sleep with a heavy right hander.

Accident on a River Steamer.

CAIRO, Ill., March 12.—The steamship Ohio, plying between Cincinnati and Memphis, burst a steam pipe at about one hundred miles below here, Wednesday night. The lower deck was deluged with hot water and steam. Six persons were severely scalded. The engineer doted to fasten a plank to the pipe and spray toward the boiler to shut off the valve just as the explosion occurred, enveloping him in steam. He was seriously injured. A negro stevedore, Albert Williams, will die. The others are doing well.

## PRINTING OFFICE FIRE.

The Explosion of a Lamp Causes Serious Loss in the Gazette Office, Elmira.

ELMIRA, N. Y., March 12.—The explosion of a lamp in the press room of the Elmira Gazette at 5 o'clock yesterday evening, followed by the ignition and explosion of a can of benzine, which stood near, caused flames to spring up quickly through the room, which was in the basement of the building. The pressman and his assistants escaped to the street and gave the alarm. When the fire men arrived the lower part of the building was all afire, and the flames were rushing up the elevator shaft. The progress of the fire was not checked until the basement and the first floor were entirely ruined, and the second and third floors badly damaged.

The building and contents were also greatly damaged by the water. The jobbing department was in the rear of the second floor, and H. C. Robinson, Postmaster of the city, and Harry M. Clarke had law offices in the front. They lost their effects. The composing, editing and telegraph rooms were on the third floor, and the contents were ruined. The loss next to the No. 102 Lake street, occupied by W. A. R. Wolfe, stove and hardware, was badly damaged by smoke and water. The Gazette was formerly owned by Governor Hill, and is regarded as his organ, though he is understood to have no financial interest in it now.

The building was valued at \$10,000, and the plants \$2,000. Col. Robinson's loss, as law firm is \$2,000. Bibbick & Clark lost about \$1,000, and Wagner & Wolfe \$2,500. The Elmira Trading, which was burned out three weeks ago, was working its forms on the Gazette presses. It lost the forms and the paper for the week's issue.

## Coffee Importers Lost.

New York, March 12.—Seven Brothers & Company, importers of coffee, of Wall street, have assigned. Creditors supposed to be losing. They expect to settle in full. The decline in coffee embarrassed them, as they were on the bull side. They were formerly American agents for the Frankfurt coffee syndicate.

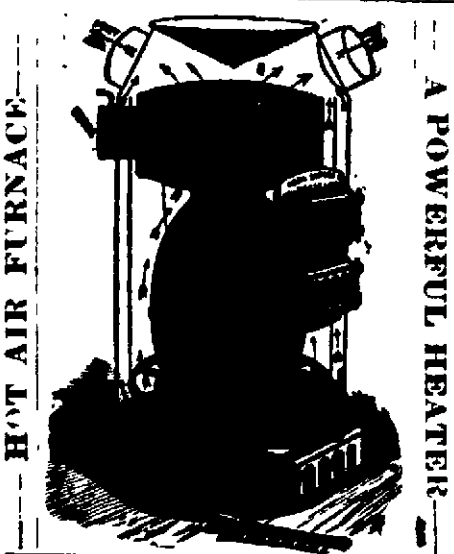
## Suicided.

HAZLETON, Pa., March 12.—Word reached here today that Jerry Kline, a well known citizen of Nesquehuta township, fatally shot himself with suicidal intent. No cause is known to have existed for the deed. The physicians pronounce the wound fatal.

## A \$600,000 Failure.

ELMIRA, N. Y., March 12.—O. P. Dimon, a leading merchant of Van Ettenville, N. Y., has failed. His partner is also involved. Liabilities are \$600,000. Mr. Dimon was assemblyman from this county in 1882.

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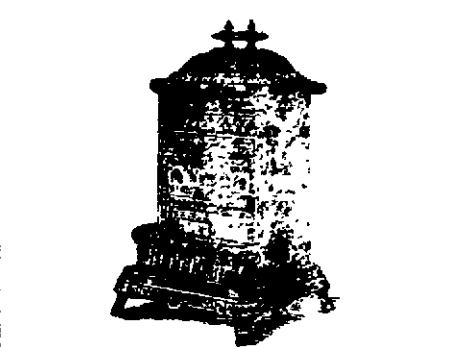
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